## Unified United States Common Law Grand Jury:

P.O. Box 59; Valhalla, New York, 10595; Fax - 888-891-8977

THIS IS AN EXTRAORDINARY JUDICIAL ACTION filed via U.S. Postal Service in all 94 Federal District Courts and served upon all parties listed below by fax. All Clerks are to perform their ministerial function under penalty of law USC 18 §2076 to file¹ or deliver to the recipients listed below. Whoever intercepts, obstructs or impedes will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law 18 USC §1512(b).² This is a matter of national security and it is expected that the recipients, being oath-takers read and understand the nature and gravity of the contents of these papers. This official judicial process executed by the Unified United States Common Law Grand Juries concerning treason against the People of the United States of America in violation of the • United States Constitution Article III Section 3 treason; • 18 USC §2385 advocating overthrow of Government; • 18 USC §2384 seditious conspiracy; • 18 USC §2382 misprision of treason; • 18 USC §2381 treason; • 18 USC §1349 attempt and conspiracy; • 18 USC §1622 subornation of perjury; • 18 USC §115 treason, sedition, and subversive activities; • 18 USC §4 misprision of felony.

The purpose of filing in ALL U.S. Federal District Courts is because of wide spread failing to file 18 USC § 2071.

<u>ARTICLE 1V SECTION 4</u> The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion;

FILED: - via US Mail and fax for action

<u>United States Supreme Court</u>; under penalty of law, clerk is to forward to all Justices <u>United States District Courts [94]</u>; under penalty of law, clerk is to forward to all Judges/Magistrates

### **SERVED:** - via fax for action

All State Courts; under penalty of law, clerk is to forward a copy to all Judges/Magistrates.

United States Congressmen [435] under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to all congressmen.

<u>United States Senators</u> [100] under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to all senators.

Assemblymen all 50 States; under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to all assemblymen.

Senators all 50 States; under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to all senators.

Governors all 50 State; under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to Governor.

All County Sheriffs [3133]; under penalty of law, clerk is to forward a copy to Sheriff.

Federal Special Agent in Charge [94]; under penalty of law, clerk is to forward a copy to agent.

<u>US Marshal</u> [94]; under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to Marshal.

Joint Chiefs of Staff; under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to Joint Chiefs of Staff.

State Militia; under penalty of law clerk is to forward a copy to highest ranking officers.

### **SERVED:** - via e-mail 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment duty to inform

News media; under penalty of law Editors are to REPORT or PRINT a copy for the People. Failure to do so will be considered aiding & abetting the enemy.

This document is not for interpretation by BAR attorneys; "Laws are made for men of ordinary understanding and should, therefore, be construed by the ordinary rules of common sense. Their meaning is not to be sought for in metaphysical subtleties which may make anything mean everything or nothing at pleasure." - Thomas Jefferson to William Johnson, 1823 ME 15:450. All respondents took an oath to uphold and protect the Constitution and therefore should understand these documents; if not learn or resign your post.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> USC 18 §2076 Clerk is to file: Whoever, being a clerk willfully refuses or neglects to make or forward any report, certificate, statement, or document as required by law, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 18 USC §1512(b) Whoever obstructs or impedes any official proceeding shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both.

- Unified Alabama Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 46; Gurley, AL, 35748
- Unified Alaska Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 240952; Anchorage, AK, 99524-0952
- Unified Arizona Common Law Grand Jury; 2030 W. Baseline Road, Phoenix, AZ, 85041
- Unified <u>Arkansas</u> Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 234; Roland, AR, 72135
- Unified California Common Law Grand Jury; 2681 Calloway Dr., Box 158; Bakersfield, CA, 93312
- Unified Colorado Common Law Grand Jury; 2000 Wadsworth #168, Lakewood, Colorado, 80214
- Unified Connecticut Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 225; Southington, CT, 06489
- Unified Delaware Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 26337; Wilmington, DE, 19899
- Unified Florida Common Law Grand Jury; 1532 US Hwy 41 Bypass So, PMB 301; Venice, FL 34293
- Unified Georgia Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 587; Millen, GA, 30442
- Unified Hawaii Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 7222; Ocean View, HI, 96737
- Unified Idaho Common Law Grand Jury; 16433 No Midland Boulevard, Suite 83; Nampa, ID, 83687
- Unified <u>Illinois</u> Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 494; Wadsworth, IL, 60083
- Unified Indiana Common Law Grand Jury; PMB 344, 2113 East 62nd Street; Indianapolis, IN, 46220
- Unified Iowa Common Law Grand Jury; 5006 Sergeant Road PMB 125; Sioux City, IA, 51106
- Unified Kansas Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 22; Dearing, KS, 67340
- Unified <u>Kentucky</u> Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 270; Tollesboro, KY, 411189
- Unified Louisiana Common Law Grand Jury; 5860 Citrus Blvd, SUITE D#131; Harahan, LA, 70123
- Unified Maine Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 463; Hallowell, ME, 04347
- Unified Maryland Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 519; Stevensville, MD, 21666
- Unified Massachusetts Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 433; Greenfield, MA, 01302
- Unified Michigan Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 663; South Haven, MI, 49090
- Unified Minnesota Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 56; Rockford, MN, 55373
- Unified Mississippi Common Law Grand Jury; 313 Telly Road; Picayune, MS, 39466
- Unified Missouri Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 322; Mount Vernon, MO 65712
- Unified Montana Common Law Grand Jury; 1106 West Park Street, Box 160; Livingston, MT, 59047
- Unified Nebraska Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 877; O'Neill, NE, 68763
- Unified Nevada Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 20263; Reno, NV, 89515
- Unified New Hampshire Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 4134; Manchester, NH, 03108
- Unified New Jersey Common Law Grand Jury; 957 Broadway, PMB # 126; Bayonne, NJ, 07002
- Unified New Mexico Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 82; Santa Rosa, NM, 88435
- Unified New York Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 59; Valhalla, NY, 10595
- Unified North Carolina Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 391; Saxapahaw, NC, 27340
- Unified North Dakota Common Law Grand Jury 1515 Burnt Boat Dr. PMB 232; Bismarck, ND 58503
- Unified Ohio Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 547; Jackson, OH, 45640
- Unified Oklahoma Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 2391 Edmond, OK, 73083
- Unified Oregon Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 781; Scappoose, OR, 97056
- Unified Pennsylvania Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 278; Centre Hall, PA, 16828
- Unified Rhode Island Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 105; CAROLINA, RI 02812
- Unified South Carolina Common Law Grand Jury; 104A Franklin Ave, 302; Spartanburg, SC, 29301
- Unified South Dakota Common Law Grand Jury; 1430 Haines Ave, 108, #224; Rapid City, SD, 57701
- Unified Tennessee Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 681; Talbott, TN, 37877
- Unified Texas Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 992; Onalaska, TX, 77360
- Unified <u>Utah</u> Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 552351; Salt Lake City, UT, 84152-2351
- Unified Vermont Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 58; Newport, VT 05855
- Unified <u>Virginia</u> Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 500; Sandston, VA 23150
- Unified Washington Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 4506; Richland, WA 99352
- Unified West Virginia Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 1131; Princeton, WV 24740
- Unified Wisconsin Common Law Grand Jury; 2545 Roosevelt Rd, Suite 107-280; Marinette, WI, 54143
- Unified Wyoming Common Law Grand Jury; PO Box 384; Gillette, WY, 82717-0384

# Unified United States Common Law Grand Jury:

P.O. Box 59; Valhalla, New York, 10595; Fax - 888-891-8977

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR ALL DISTRICTS

5 We the People, UUSCLGJ

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Sureties of the Peace

No. 1776-1789-2015

- Commanding -

CORAM NOBIS<sup>1</sup>

County Sheriffs [3133]; Federal Special Agent in Charge [94]; US Marshal [94]; Joint Chiefs of Staff; State Militia; Governors all 50 State; All Federal and State Courts Assemblymen all 50 States; Senators all 50 States; U.S. Congressmen [435]; U.S. Senators [100]; News media;

Respondents

### respondents

## Mandamus<sup>2</sup>

### TO ALL FEDERAL AND STATE ELECTED & APPOINTED SERVANTS

This series of informations, orders and writs by We the People filed in the United States Supreme Court, the United States District Courts, the State Supreme Courts and served upon our elected and appointed servants, when not acted upon, forms an indictment against the same. We the People are exposing the foundational errors of our judicial systems, errors founded on subversion and contempt of law by enemies past and present. It is expected that said servants and all recipients understand the subject matter. All servants and recipients have authority under the law, and have taken an oath to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution. Today these servants violate this sacred oath and now lives have been destroyed and liberty hangs in the balance. Silence when you have a duty to speak or act, advocates the present conspiracy to overthrow the Governments of the United States willfully and or knowingly.

<u>WARNING</u>: Do not seek an interpretation by an Attorney that is not responsible for the oath you took concerning this Information. Ignorance of the law or excuses that you were acting under advice of legal counsel, will not be an acceptable excuse for there is nothing to interpret.

The purpose of filing in <u>ALL</u> US Federal District Courts is because of 18 USC § 1961-68 wide spread RICO; 18 U.S. Code § 2385 - Advocating overthrow of Government; Seditious conspiracy 18 USC § 2384 with wide spread mutilating and failing to file 18 USC § 2071.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CORAM NOBIS. Before us ourselves, (the king, i. e., in the king's or queen's bench.) Applied to writs of error directed to another branch of the same court, e. g., from the full bench to the court at nisi prius. 1 Archb. Pr. K. B. 234.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MANDAMUS Lat. We command. This is the name of a writ (formerly a high prerogative writ) which issues from a court of superior jurisdiction, and is directed to a private or municipal corporation, or any of its officers, or to an executive, administrative or judicial officer, or to an inferior court, commanding the performance of a particular act therein specified, and belonging to his or their public, official, or ministerial duty, or directing the restoration of the complainant to rights or privileges of which he has been illegally deprived. Lahiff v. St. Joseph, etc., Soc., 76 Conn. 648, 57 A. 692, 65 L.R.A. 92, 100 Am.St.Rep. 1012.

### **AMENDMENT II**

"A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed."

The legislative, judiciary and administrative powers are defined by the seven Articles of the United States

Constitution which is understood in light of the capstone Bill of Rights (Prohibitions). Therefore the united states' governments have **NO AUTHORITY TO DISARM THE PEOPLE**. Any move by any elected or appointed official from any of the three branches of government to disarm \(\mathscr{D}\) e the \(\mathscr{P}\)eople is an act of War against the \(\mathscr{P}\)eople. \(\mathscr{D}\)e the \(\mathscr{P}\)eople \(\mathscr{D}\)rder the arrest of said elected or appointed official immediately.

"Necessity is the plea for every infringement of human freedom. It is the argument of tyrants; it is the creed of slaves." -- William Pitt the Younger

"They that can give up essential liberty to obtain a little temporary safety deserve neither liberty nor safety." -- Benjamin Franklin<sup>3</sup>

### DISARMAMENT IN THE NAME OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

**ACTS OF TREASON;** 

On September 25, 2013 in an act of war against the unalienable rights of the People protected by Amendment II, against the will of We the Deople and without the consent of Congress, Secretary of State John Kerry committed treason by signing the United Nations Arms Trade Treaty thereby surrendering the Peoples' unalienable rights protected by the Amendment II to foreign powers, inimical to liberty.

no September 24, 2014 while addressing the U.N. General Assembly concerning the United Nations Arms Trade Treaty; in an act of war against the unalienable rights of the People protected by Amendment II, against the will of We the People President Obama said: "All nations must meet our responsibility to observe and enforce international norms" thereby yielding his oath of office to foreign powers.

60 On December 24th 2014, Christmas Eve, the United Nations Arms Trade Treaty became binding on the nations that have ratified (signed by John Kerry). Under fiction of law<sup>4</sup> the treaty provides the basis for additional gun regulations in America under the guise of necessity.

**A LEAGUE OF EVIL** - The following statistics were reported in the September 11th, 1999, issue of The Economist magazine, page 7, titled "A League of Evil." <sup>5</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Historical Review of Pennsylvania, 1759.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> **FICTION OF LAW.** Something known to be false is assumed to be true. Ryan v. Motor Credit Co., 130 N.J.Eq. 531, 23 A.2d 607, 621]. that statutes which would deprive a citizen of the rights of person or property without a regular trial, according to the course and usage of common law, would not be the law of the land. [Hoke vs. Henderson, 15, N.C.15, 25 AM Dec 677].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Original source: Death by "Gun Control", by Aaron Zelmen and Richard W. Stevens; Mazel Freedom Press, Inc; January 1, 2001;

- a. 1915-1917 Ottoman Turkey banned gun possession, and then targeted Armenians (mostly Christians) and killed 1-1.5 million people
  - b. 1929-1945 Soviet Union banned gun possession, and then targeted political opponents and farming communities, killing 20 million people
  - c. 1933-1945 Nazi Germany (and occupied Europe) banned gun possession, and then targeted political opponents, Jews, Gypsies and critics killing 20 million people
  - d. 1927-1949 Nationalist China banned private ownership of guns, and then targeted political opponents, army conscripts, and others, killing 10 million people
  - e. 1949-1952; 1957-1960; 1966-1976 Red China instituted death penalty for supplying guns to "counter-revolutionary criminals" and anyone resisting any government program, and then targeted political opponents, killing 20-35 million people
  - f. 1960-1981 Guatemala banned gun possession, and then targeted Mayans, other Indians, and political enemies, killing 100,000-200,000 people
  - g. 1971-1979 Uganda registered gun owners, instituted warrantless searches, and then targeted Christians and political enemies, killing 300,000 people
  - h. 1975-1979 Cambodia registered gun owners and then targeted educated persons and political enemies, killing 2 million people
  - i. 1994 Rwanda registered gun owners and then targeted the Tutsi people killing over 800,000.
  - j. Unarmed people have no defense against a "demonical" government. In the 20th century alone, governments killed a total of 262 million civilians. [Nobel Peace Prize finalist R.J. Rummel in an update to statistics originally presented in his Death by Government, Transaction Publishers, 1994]

John R. Bolton, as United States Under-Secretary for Arms Control and International Security, urged the United Nations in 2001 to recognize how an "oppressed non-state group defending itself from a genocidal government" will need ready access to firearms. Mr. Bolton may have been the first U.S. official in modern history to argue before the UN that private citizens might need to be armed against their own killer governments.<sup>6</sup>

Governments murdered four times as many civilians as were killed in all their international and domestic wars combined.<sup>7</sup> How could governments kill so many people? The governments had the power. The people, the victims, were unable to resist, because the victims were unarmed.

History clearly teaches that every government that moves towards gun control ends up killing the people who disagree with it. Disarmed people are neither free nor safe; rather they become the criminals' prey and the tyrants' playthings. When people are defenseless and their government goes rogue, thousands and millions of innocents die.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> John R. Bolton, Plenary Address to the UN Conference on the Illicit Trade in Small Arms and Light Weapons, at the UN Conference on the Illicit Trade in Small Arms and Light Weapons in All its Aspects; July 9, 2001;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> September 11th, 1999 issue of The Economist magazine, page 7, titled A League of Evil

### WHY GOVERNMENTS DISARM PEOPLE -

"Both oligarch and tyrant mistrust the people, and therefore deprive them of arms." Aristotle 8

"When the resolution of enslaving America was formed in Great Britain, the British Parliament was advised by an artful man [Sir William Keith], who was governor of Pennsylvania, to disarm the people; that it was the best and most effectual way to enslave them; but that they should not do it openly, but weaken them, and let them sink gradually, by totally disusing and neglecting the militia." George Mason 9

"Before a standing army can rule, the people must be disarmed, as they are in almost every kingdom in Europe. The supreme power in America cannot enforce unjust laws by the sword, because the whole of the people are armed, and constitute a force superior to any band of regular troops," Noah Webster 10

"Every Communist must grasp the truth, 'Political power grows out of the barrel of a gun" Mao Tse-tung 11

"The most foolish mistake we could possibly make would be to permit the conquered Eastern peoples to have arms. History teaches that all conquerors who have allowed their subject races to carry arms have prepared their own downfall by doing so". Hitler <sup>12</sup>

In a radio interview with Walton and Johnson, January 17, 2013 Ron Paul said: "They will come with their guns to take our guns." In 1962 President John F. Kennedy said "Those who make peaceful revolution impossible will make violent revolution inevitable" He went on to say: "Today we need a nation of minute men; citizens who are not only prepared to take up arms, but citizens who regard the preservation of freedom as a basic purpose of their daily life and who are willing to consciously work and sacrifice for that freedom."

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Wherefore the Unified Common Law Grand Juries, stewards of the common law, on behalf of the People and in the interest of Justice.

**ORDERED:** All County Sheriff, Federal Agents; FBI; US Marshals are to arrest immediately any appointed or elected servant who moves against the People in an act of war to disarm them;

**ORDERED:** All Sheriffs in a state of Emergency shall perform their sworn duty to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution for the United States of America; protect the People of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> <u>Politics: A Treatise on Government,</u> Book V; translated from the Greek of Aristotle by William Ellis, A.M.; J M Dent & Sons Ltd. (London & Toronto) & E. P. Dutton & Co. (New York), 1912

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The Debates in the Several State Conventions on the Adoption of the Federal Constitution...," Vol. III, 2 ed, Jonathan Elliot (ed.), p.380; J. B. Lippincott & Co. (Philadelphia), 1881

<sup>&</sup>quot;An Examination into the Leading Principles of the Federal Constitution Proposed by the Late Convention Held at Philadelphia, with Answers to the Principal Objections That Have Been Raised Against the System, by a Citizen of America," p. 43; Prichard & Hall, in Market Street, the second door above Laetitia Court; January 1787

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> inadvertently endorsing the Second Amendment in a speech at the sixth plenary session of the Central Committee of the Communist Party; November 6, 1938; later published in Selected Works of Mao Tse-tung, vol. 2, p. 272, 1954

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> April 11 1942; quoted in "Hitler's Table-Talk at the Fuhrer's Headquarters 1941-1942," Dr. Henry Picker, ed., Athenaum-Verlag, Bonn, 1951

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>March 13, 1962 President John F. Kennedy Address on the First Anniversary of the Alliance for Progress *Public Papers of the Presidents* – John F. Kennedy (1962), p. 223

county; private property and all the assets of the county. The Sheriff alone is responsible to maintain Law and Order in the county and to work with other county Sheriffs across the state and across the nation to do the same. If the Sheriff permits the suspension of the US Constitution in his county, then Liberty will be lost forever and he too then wars against the People.

**ORDERED:** News media; under penalty of law Editors are ordered to perform their 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment duty and REPORT or PRINT a copy for the People. Failure to do so, seeing you have a duty to inform, will be considered aiding & abetting the enemy.

**ORDERED under SEAL:** Dated May 29, 2015

Grand Jury Foreman

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